

ADCI Consensus Standards Reference

Section 2.4: Medical Guidelines and Recommendations

Source: ADCI International Consensus Standards, 6.5 Edition

2.4.1 INTRODUCTION

If any further clarification of this recommended standard is desired, please contact the ADCI.

The following recommendations are set forth by the ADCI and are intended to be used with the ADCI medical history/physical examination forms. They deal with specific aspects of the subject's physical fitness to dive by item number. These standards are offered with what we believe, in most cases, to be the minimum requirements. The use of these standards is intended to be tempered with the good judgment of the examining physician. Where there is doubt about the medical fitness of the subject, the examining physician should seek the further opinion and recommendations of an appropriate specialist in that field. Particular attention must be paid to past medical and diving history. In general, a high standard of physical and mental health is required for diving. Consequently, in addition to excluding major disqualifying medical conditions, examining physicians should identify and give careful consideration to minor, chronic, recurring or temporary mental or physical illnesses that may distract the diver and cause him or her to ignore factors concerned with his or her own safety or others' safety.

It is recommended that the medical examination be performed by a physician that has completed formal training or has experience in the medical assessment of fitness for commercial diving. Examinations shall not be performed by non-physicians.

The spectrum of commercial diving includes industrial tasks performed from just below the surface to deep saturation diving. Job descriptions and therefore job-limiting disabilities may vary widely. These standards, in general, apply to all divers. Some consideration must be given to the subject's medical history, work history, age, etc. Within commercial diving it may be that a diver is fit to perform some jobs but not others.

There is no minimum or maximum age limit, providing all the medical standards can be met. The ADCI does not issue commercial diver certification cards to persons younger than 18 years of age. Serious consideration must be given to the need for all divers to have adequate reserves of pulmonary and cardiovascular fitness for use in an emergency. The lack of these reserves may possibly lead to the termination of a professional diving career. The examining physician should exercise the appropriate professional judgment to determine whether in particular circumstances additional testing may be warranted. Disqualification for an inability to meet any of these standards must be determined on a case-by-case basis.



2.4.2 ADCI PHYSICAL EXAMINATION STANDARDS

Patient history is recorded on pages 2-15 through 2-16 of the form set. Pages 2-17 and 2-18 are used to record specific findings during the conduct of the examination.

The following headings refer to and explain the numbered boxes on the **ADCI physical examination form** on pages 2-17 and 2-18. A sample copy of these forms is enclosed in this standard. Use of these forms ensures quality and consistency throughout the commercial diving industry. These forms may be obtained from the ADCI website.

1	Name	Record.
2	Last 4 digits of Social Security Number or Passport Number	Record.
3	Height	No set limits.
4	Weight	The weight limits listed in the maximum allowable weight chart (2.4.9) should apply. If a diver exceeds these limits and the cognizant physician feels the increase is due to muscular build and physical fitness, a variance may be appropriate. A variance may be appropriate for divers who do not meet the weight limits but are at 23% body fat or less (males), 34% (females) as measured by impedance or hydrostatic fat testing. Furthermore, individuals who fall within these weight limits but who present an excess of fatty tissue should be disqualified.
5	Body Mass Index (BMI)	BMI < 28 for initial evaluation. For annual evaluation risk factor modification recommended for BMI > 28 and body fat exceeding limits, consider fitness assessment such as functional stress testing. BMI >30 (clinical obesity) is considered disqualifying.
	Dody Mass Mack (BMI)	Calculation for $\underline{BMI} = (weight in pounds \times 703)$ height in inches ² *See also U.S. Navy height and weight table.
6	Body Fat	Optional. <23% for males, <34% for females. US Navy standard
7	Temperature	The diver should be free of any infection/disease that would cause an abnormal temperature.
8	Blood Pressure	The resting blood pressure should not exceed 140/90 mm Hg. In cases of apparent hypertension, repeated daily blood pressure determinations should be made before a final decision is made. The blood pressure should be controlled without target organ damage. Beta blockers and diuretics are not acceptable. Medications required to control blood pressure should be noted on the physical exam form.
9	Pulse/Rhythm	Persistent tachycardia, arrhythmia except of the sinus type, or other significant disturbance of the heart or vascular system should be evaluated and may be disqualifying.
10	General Appearance/ Hygiene	Record.
11	Distant Vision	Vision must be tested with and without correction when applicable. Should have vision corrected to 20/40, in both eyes. Monocular vision is not necessarily disqualifying for commercial diving. Divers who have had vision corrective surgery should be restricted from diving until cleared by a qualified diving physician and ophthalmologist.
12	Near Vision	Correctable to 20/40.
13	Color Vision	Record. Color blindness does not disqualify for diving, but diver must have color vision specific for duties.
14	Field of Vision	A minimum of 85 degrees field of vision is required.
15	Contact Lenses	Record if used. Appropriate lenses for diving may be used (soft lenses are the preferred contact lenses for diving / gas permeable fenestrated hard lens may be permitted). Vision must be recorded with and without contact lenses.
16	Head, Face and Scalp	Some causes for rejection may include: a) Deformities of the skull in the nature of depressions, exostosis, etc., of a degree that would prevent the individual from wearing required equipment. b) Deformities of the skull of any degree associated with evidence of disease of the brain, spinal cord or peripheral nerves. c) Loss or congenital absence of the bony substance of the skull.



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		Conditions affecting the neck must not impair the diver to cause insufficient range of motion.
		The causes for rejection may include:
17	Neck	a) Cervical ribs if symptomatic.
17	TVCCR	b) Fistula, chronic draining, of any type.
		c) Spastic contraction of the muscles of the neck of a persistent and chronic nature.
		d) Known cervical disc disease with neural impingement or radicular symptoms.
18	Eyes	Active pathology or previous eye surgery may be cause for restriction or rejection. Divers who have had vision corrective surgery should be restricted from diving until cleared by a qualified diving physician and ophthalmologist. History of cataract surgery with intraocular lens implant is not disqualifying.
19	Fundus	Optional. No pathology.
		The following conditions are disqualifying:
		a) Acute disease including vestibular disease.
		b) Chronic serious otitis.
		c) Active otitis media.
		d) Current perforation of the tympanic membrane.
		e) PE tubes in place.
		f) Any significant nasal or pharyngeal respiratory obstruction.
20-	Ears & Nose	g) Chronic sinusitis if not readily controlled.
2-1		h) Speech impediments due to organic defects.
		j) Recurrent or persistent vertigo.
		k) Recent piercing(s) must be fully healed prior to diving.
		If Eustachian tube dysfunction is suspected, then referral or testing should be done. Adequately repaired or healed round window ruptures that have no significant residual deficits may be approved
		for diving.
25	W (1 171)	a) Candidate should have a high degree of dental fitness; any abnormalities of dentition or malformation of the mandible likely to impair the diver's ability to securely and easily retain any standard equipment mouthpiece should disqualify.
25	Mouth and Throat	b) Removable dentures should not be worn while diving.
		c) Severe dental caries is disqualifying until repaired.
		d) History of tobacco use should be evaluated.
26	Chest (include breasts)	Note any chest deformities, breast abnormalities or masses.
27	Lungs	Pulmonary: Congenital and acquired defects that may restrict pulmonary function, cause air entrapment, or affect the ventilation-perfusion or balance shall be disqualifying for both initial training and continuation. Obstructive or restrictive pulmonary functions requires further evaluation. Pulmonary disease requiring medication use may be disqualifying. History of recurrent or spontaneous pneumothorax is disqualifying. History of smoking or use of e-cigarettes "vaping" should be evaluated.
28	Heart (thrust, size, rhythm, sounds)	Any evidence of heart disease or arrhythmias other than sinus arrhythmias must be fully investigated. For evaluation purposes, Bruce protocol functional stress testing through stage III must be to at least 10 METS without evidence of ischemia. Pacemakers and implantable cardiac defibrillators are disqualifying. PFO repairs are not disqualifying. Routine PFO testing is not recommended. Coumadin or any anticoagulants, antiplatlet medications and aspirin (except low dose aspirin) are considered disqualifying. Ejection fractions must be at least 40% if measured.
29	Pulse	Record. Peripheral pulses should be regular, full and symmetric. Resting pulse rate should be less than 100 BPM.
30	Vascular System (varicosities, etc.)	Cardiovascular system: The cardiovascular system shall be without significant abnormality in all respects as determined by physical examination and tests as may be indicated. Evidence of symptomatic arteriosclerosis, severe varicose veins and marked symptomatic hemorrhoids may be disqualifying. Carotid or abdominal bruits require further evaluation.



		a) Active peptic ulceration should be disqualifying until treated and healing has been documented. History of gastrointestinal bleeding may be disqualifying from diving and is disqualifying from saturation diving.
31	Abdomen and Viscera	b) Any other chronic gastrointestinal disease (e.g., Chrone's disease, ulcerative colitis, cholelithiasis) may be disqualifying.
		c) Hepatitis may be disqualifying.
		d) Colostomies should be disqualifying for saturation diving.
32	Hernia (all types)	All inguinal or femoral hernias are disqualifying until repaired. Ventral hernias should be assessed for strangulation risk by a surgeon prior to diving.
33	Endocrine System	Diabetes controlled only with diet and exercise and with Hgb A1C < 7.0 is acceptable. History of thyroid disease adequately controlled with medication is acceptable. Other endocrine disorders requiring medication may be disqualifying.
		a) Gonococcal disease, syphilis, chlamydia and genital herpes will disqualify until adequately treated.
34	G-U System (genital-urinary)	b) Evidence or history of nephrolithiasis must be fully investigated and treated and may be disqualifying. History of kidney stones is disqualifying for saturation diving.
		c) Any renal insufficiency or chronic renal disease may be disqualifying.
		d) Evidence or history of urinary dysfunction or retention must be fully investigated and treated.
35	Upper Extremities (strength, ROM)	Any impairment of musculoskeletal function should be carefully assessed against the general requirements that would interfere with the individual's performance as a diver. Amputations may be disqualifying. Orthopedic internal fixation hardware is not disqualifying if the fracture site is healed.
36	Lower Extremities, Except Feet	Any impairment of musculoskeletal function should be carefully assessed against the general requirements that would interfere with the individual's performance as a diver. Amputations may be disqualifying. Orthopedic internal fixation hardware is not disqualifying if the fracture site is healed.
37	Feet	Any impairment of musculoskeletal function should be carefully assessed against the general requirements that would interfere with the individual's performance as a diver.
38	Spine	Any impairment of musculoskeletal function should be carefully assessed against the general requirements that would interfere with the individual's performance as a diver. Known cervical, thoracic or lumbar disc disease with neural impingement or radicular syptoms may be disqualifying.
39	Skin and Lymphatic System	Acute or chronic disease of the skin or lymphatic system may be disqualifying. Tattoos must be fully healed prior to diving.
40	Anus and Rectum	Any conditions that interfere with normal function (e.g., stricture, prolapse, severe hemorrhoids) may be disqualifying.
41	Sphincter Tone	Note and record.
	Neurological Exam (42-49)	A full examination of the central and peripheral nervous system should show normal function, but localized minor abnormalities, such as patches of anesthesia, are allowable provided generalized nervous system disease can be excluded. History of seizure other than childhood febrile seizure, oxygen toxicity seizure, withdrawal seizure, unintentional medication related seizure. Intracranial surgery, loss of consciousness of more than 30 minutes, and severe head injury involving more than momentary unconsciousness or concussion, may be disqualifying. If the severity of head injury is in doubt, special consultation and studies should be considered. All neurodegenerative conditions are disqualifying.
42	Cranial Nerves	Examine, evaluate and record.
43	Reflexes	Should be symmetrical and free from pathology. Document any abnormalities. Pathological reflexes should be evaluated. Asymmetrical reflexes should be documented.
44	Cerebellar Function	Test and record.
45	Strength and Tone of Muscles	Examine and record. Note any asymmetry or loss of tone.
46	Propioception/ Stereognosis	Examine and record.



47	Nystagmus	Examine and record. Congenital nystagmus is not necessarily disqualifying. End point lateral gaze nystagmus is considered normal.
48	Sensations and Vibration	Examine and record. Vibration should be tested using a 128 Hz tuning fork. Two point discrimination should be tested at the thumb (C6), middle finger (C7) and the little finger (C8) and should be discernable at 5 mm.
49	Romberg & Sharpened Romberg	Examine and record.
50	Miscellaneous Remarks and Dermatome Diagram	Record findings and comments.
	Psychiatric	Any past or present evidence of psychiatric illness may be disqualifying: any psychiatric illness deemed significant by the physician should be evaluated by a specialist. Personality disorders, bipolar disorders, psychosis, instability and anti-social traits shall be disqualifying. Any psychiatric condition requiring medication may be disqualifying, however temporary situational depression may be approved if stable on low-dose antidepressants that do not affect seizure thresholds or have any side effects of CNS depression. Speech impediment related to stress/anxiety or other psychiatric illness may be disqualifying.
	Substance Use	Particular attention should be paid to any past or present evidence of alcohol or drug abuse, and may be and indication for referral to specialist. Any current alcohol or drug abuse is disqualifying. Anabolic steroids or other illicit substances are disqualifying. Any abnormalities should be noted in the physical examination form.
51	Urinalysis	Includes color pH, specific gravity, glucose, albumin and micro, abnormalities should be evaluated by the physician.
52	Hematology	Any significant anemia, history of hemolytic disease, or significant abnormalities on Complete Blood count (CBC) must be evaluated; sickle cell disease and other significant hemoglobinopathies are disqualifying.
53	Spirometry	All divers must have periodic spirometry to establish Forced Expiratory Volume at one (1) second (FEV1) and; Forced Vital Capacity (FVC), recording best of three measurements using American Thoracic Society standards. FEV1 and FVC should both be >75% using NHANES reference values. If either or both are below 75%, then the diver should be referred for pulmonary evaluation. Further evaluation should be considered in the event of an acute reduction of FEF 25-75.
54	X-ray/Imaging	 a) PA and lateral every three years. b) Long bones (at discretion of evaluating physician): Any lesions, especially juxta-articular, should be evaluated and may be disqualifying. c) Lumbar/sacral spine (at discretion of evaluating physician): Abnormalities associated with symptoms should be further evaluated. d) Spine MRI (at discretion of evaluating physician): Neural impingement on MRI may be disqualifying.
55	Electrocardiogram	Resting standard 12 lead ECG is required on initial examinations and annually after the age of 35. Stress echocardiogram (preferred) or stress ECG required as medically indicated or if the Framingham Risk Score indicates risk of $> 10\%$.
56	Audiogram Pure Tone	A hearing loss in either ear $>$ 40 dB in the range of 500, 1000 and 2000 Hz may be an indication for referral to a specialist for further opinion. Monaural hearing is not disqualifying.
57	Comprehensive Metabolic Panel	Optional at the discretion of the examining physician. Significant abnormalities on Complete Metabolic Panel (CMP) must be evaluated.
58	Hemoglobin A1C	Required for any history of diabetes. Diabetes controlled only with diet and exercise and with Hgb $A1C < 7.0$ is acceptable.
59	Lipid Panel	Required annually after the age of 35.
60	Urine Drug Screen	All medically indicated or otherwise required.

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Job Title



2.4.3 ADCI MEDICAL HISTORY AND EXAMINATION FORMS



Association of Diving Contractors International MEDICAL HISTORY FORM

6. Address (Nu	mber, Street)	7. City		•		8. State	9. Zip Code	10. Area Code	- Phone Number
11 Emanganas	Contact Person – Relationship – Addre	os Tolonhou	o Namel					12. Cell Phone	Number
11. Emergency	Contact Person - Relationship - Addre	ess – Telephon	ie Nuiiii	jer				()	Number
12 MEDI	CAL HISTORY, Have		. Is a d		. 4 . d fo (o siti:			in ad halaw	
Yes No	CAL HISTORY: Have	you ever Yes	r na d No	or been tre	ated for (positiv		must be expiai	nea below):
	Convulsions or Seizures			Cardiac Angio	gram or ECHO		Shoulder Injur	ry	
	Epilepsy			PFO Repair			Elbow Injury		
	Concussion or Head Injury Disabling Headaches			High Blood Pr Asthma or Wh			Arm/wrist/har Hip/Leg/Ankl		
8 8	Loss of Balance/Dizziness	H		Coughing up F			Knee Injury o		<u>,</u> ,,
	Severe Motion Sickness			Tuberculosis			Foot Trouble		
	Unconsciousness			Shortness of B			Dislocations		
	Fainting Spells Wear Contacts/Glasses	H		Chronic Cougl Pneumothorax			Swollen Joints Broken Bones	-	
	Color Vision Defect			Lung Disease			☐ Varicose Vein		
	Eye Disease or Injury				sease or Stones		Muscle Diseas		SS
	Eye Surgery Hearing Loss	님		Stomach Troub Stomach Bleed			Numbness or Sleep Disorde		
= =	Ear Disease or Injury	H	H	Frequent Indig			Diabetes	15	
	Ear Surgery			Jaundice			Goiter or Thy		
	Perforated Eardrum Difficulty Clearing	무		Liver Disease			Blood Disease Anemia: Sickl		
	Nose Bleed	H	\exists	Hemorrhoids (g/Blood in Stools Piles)	H	Anemia: Sicki Skin Rash or I		er
	Airway Obstruction			Gas Pains			Staph Infectio		
	Hay Fever or Allergies				se/Ulcerative Colitis		Tumor or Can		
	Chest Pain Heart Murmur	H		Rupture or Her Kidney Diseas			☐ Claustrophobi ☐ Mental Illness		Δnvietv
	Rheumatic Fever			Kidney Stones			Nervous Brea		inxicty
	Heart Attack				or Blood in Urine		Any Sexually		Disease
	Abnormal Heart Rhythm Heart Disease	H		Joint Pain/Arth Back Strain or			Contagious D Prior Military		
8 8	Covid 19 Infection	H	H	Spine Problem			Other Illness		ny Other
				Herniated Disc			Medical Cond	ition	
	For Females ONLY Irregular Menses	H	\mathbb{H}	Painful Mense Pregnancy	3	Lact Ma	nstrual Period		
	XPLAIN THE DETAILS OF I					Lust Wic	iistidai i ciiod		
I LEASE E.	ALLAIN THE DETAILS OF I	LACIIIII	SIVI C	HECKED TES					
14. LIST A	LL SURGERIES								YEAR
15. LIST A	LL HOSPITALIZATIONS								YEAR
16 LICT A	I I INHIDIEC								VE AD
10. LIST A	LL INJURIES								YEAR
17. LIST A	LL MEDICATIONS, PRESC	RIPTION	OR C	OVER THE CO	UNTER				
-									
10 13/03/	ED THE POLICEUM CONTRACTOR	CTIONS							
	ER THE FOLLOWING QUE em Checked Yes Must Be Fully Ex		ow [YES NO	1			YES	NO
	-		017	1120 110		l, been terminated,	or changed jobs for medical		110
	been rejected or rated for insurance, employ		or		reasons? Have you ever been dis	missed from emplo	yment because of excess i	ise of	+
armed forces fo	r health reasons?				drugs or alcohol?		ood, chemicals, drugs, ins		+
that you have d					stings, or marine life?		, , ,		
Have you been has not been do	advised to have a surgical operation or med ne?	dical treatment	that		Are you presently under and address on the next		ician? Give physician's n	ame	
						-			

16

COMMENTS:



19.	My Personal Physician is: Name	
17.	Address	
	City, State	
	Phone Number	
20.	DIVING HISTORY How long have you been	ommercial diving?
20.		· .
	Surface Air Diving History Maximum Depth Surface Air	Saturation Diving History Maximum Depth
	Maximum Depth Surface Mixed Gas	Heliox Yes No No
	Longest Bottom Time Air	Trimix Yes No Maximum Duration (Days)
	Longest Bottom Time Mixed Gas	Nitrox Yes No No
21	DIVING EVDEDIENCE (N	A INDICATE THE NUMBER OF DECOMPRESSION INCIDENTS
21.	DIVING EXPERIENCE (Number of years experience): 22. INDICATE THE NUMBER OF DECOMPRESSION INCIDENTS If None put 0 (Zero) List any residuals
	Name of Diving School	·
	Air Mixed Gases	Bends, pain only Bends, neurological
		Chokes
	Saturation	Inner ear
23.	IN DIVING HAVE YOU HAD A HISTORY OF: (Pr Yes No Details	vide details of dates and severity) Yes No Details
	Gas Embolism	Lung Squeeze
	Oxygen Toxicity	Near Drowning
	CO ₂ Toxicity	Asphyxiation
	CO Toxicity	Vertigo (Dizziness)
	Ear/Sinus Squeeze	Pneumothorax
		Nitrogen Narcosis
	Deafness	Loss of Consciousness
24.	Have you been involved in a diving accident (decompre	sion sickness or others) since your last physical examination?
25.	Date of last physical examination:	Name of Physician who performed your last exam
]	For what company or organization were you last examined	Address of Physician
		City, State
26.	Have you ever had any of the following? If so, give app	oximate date:
	Yes No Give E	
	Chest X-Ray	Pulmonary Function Studies
	Longbone Series	
	Back (Spine) X-Ray MRI	Exercise (Stress) EKG
		Exercise (sitess) ENO
27 1	Physician Domarks	
27. I	Physician Remarks:	
27. 1	Physician Remarks:	
I CE	ERTIFY THAT I HAVE REVIEWED THE FOREGOING INF	RMATION SUPPLIED BY ME AND THAT IT IS TRUE AND COMPLETE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE. FACTS CALLED FOR ABOVE MAY BE CAUSE FOR REFUSAL OF EMPLOYMENT OR SEPARATION FROM THE

17 Da

Signature

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		PHYSICAL E	_			l		
Employer		Date of Birth						
1. Last Name		Middle Name		2. Last 4	2. Last 4 No. of SSN or PASSPORT No.			
3. Height (inches)	5. Body Fat (%) (Optional)		6. BMI	(Optional)			
7. Temperature	8. Blood Pressure	9. Pulse/Rhythm		10. General Appearance	e/Hygiene	11. Build		
	Corr. to 20/	13. Near Vision: Jaeger R. 20/	R. 20		14. Color V	ision (Test Per	formed and Res	ults)
L. 20/C	Corr. to 20/	L. 20/	L. 20					
	R ° L °		ontact Lenses	Yes	No			
NORMAL ABNORMAL	Check each item in appropriate column	(enter NE for Not Evaluated	d) REM	MARKS				
	17. Head, Face, Scalp							
	18. Neck							
	19. Eyes	1 (1 1)						
	20. Ears – General (internal a21. Eustachian Tube Function							
	22. Tympanic Membrane	n						
	23. Nose (Septal Alignment)	1						
	24. Sinuses	1						
	25. Mouth and Throat							
	26. Chest							
	27. Lungs							
	28. Heart (Thrust, Size, Rhyt	thm Sounds)						
	29. Pulses (Equality, etc.)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
	30. Vascular System (Varico	osities, etc.)						
	31. Abdomen and Viscera	,,						
	32. Hernia (All Types)							
	33. Endocrine System							
	34. G-U System							
	35. Upper Extremities (Stren	igth, ROM)						
	36. Lower Extremities (Exce	ept Feet)						
	37. Feet							
	38. Spine							
	39. Skin, Lymphatics							
	40. Anus and Rectum							
	41. Sphincter Tone							
NEUROLOGICAL EXAM	INATION							
2. CRANIAL NERVES								
	NORMAL ABNORM	MAL NE			NOR	MAL A	BNORMAL	NE
I Olfactory				Facial				ـــــ
II Optic				Auditory				
III Oculomotor		\longrightarrow		Glossophayrngeal				₩
IV Trochlear				Vagus	_	-+		₩
V Trigeminal				Spinal Accessory	-			+
VI Abducens			XII	Hypoglossal				Ь
43. REFLEXES	DEEP TENDON	P	ATHOLOGICA	AL		SUPERFIC	IAL	

	Left						I	Righ	t	
	0	1	2	3	4	0	1	2	3	4
Triceps										
Biceps										
Triceps Biceps Patella										
Achilles										

L	eft	Right				
Present	Absent	Present	Absent			

	Present	Absent	NE
Upper Abdomen			
Lower Abdomen			
Cremasteric			

44. CEREBELLAR FUNCTION

0	1	2	3	4
N	Iormal		Abnor	mal
	0 N	0 1 Normal		

45. MUSCLE

Babinski Hoffman Ankle Clonus

Right Upper Extremity
Left Upper Extremity
Right Lower Extremity
Left Lower Extremity

STRENGTH							
1	2	3	4	5		ſ	
						ſ	
					1 1	ſ	

TONE							
Normal	Abnormal						

46. PROPIOCEPTION

	Le	eft	Right		
	Normal	Abnormal	Normal	Abnormal	
Joint Position Sense					
Stereognosis					
Vibratory Sensation					

Left

47. NYSTAGMUS

	Present	Absent
End Point Lateral Gaze		
Pathological		·
		-

48. SENSATION

VIBRATION

Joint Position Sense Stereognosis Vibratory Sensation

	Normal	Abnormal	
Hot			S
Cold			S

	Normal	Abnormal	l
Sharp			l
Soft			l

Normal Abnormal Normal Abnormal

Right

Ì	Two Point Discrimination						
	Normal						
	Abnormal						

49. ROMBERG	
nberg Absent (normal)	Ι

Romberg Absent (normal)	
Romberg Present (abnormal)	
Sharpened Romberg Normal > 20s	
Sharpened Romberg Abnormal < 20s	

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50. MISCELLANEOUS REMARKS			13. 14. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15	a P a 66	03-107	10
LABORATORY FINDINGS	in	2+ 3+	4+	52. Blood Tests CBC Normal Abnormal	□ Pos □ Neg	Attach Reports RPR
55. X-r FVC 55. X-r	r Spine		ormal (I	Describe)		10 year fisk
56. Electrocardiogram Static Exercise Stress 57. Au		Hz 500 Left Right	1000 20	000 3000 4000	6000	8000
	Comments	s:			☐ Not co	ug Screen ollected cted, results sent to employer
Work Status: Fit for diving Cleared for supervisor Cleared for topside work only Cleared with restrictions: Further evaluation needed: Unfit for diving: Unfit Comments:		Physicia	minee Name an Signature sician Name Address			
		•	one Number			
		•	Examination sion 2016			Page 4 of 4



2.4.4 NEUROPSYCHIATRIC

Any past or present evidence of psychiatric illness may be disqualifying: any psychiatric illness deemed significant by the physician should be evaluated by a specialist. Personality disorders, bipolar disorders, psychosis, instability and anti-social traits shall be disqualifying, however temporary situational depression may be approved if stable on low-dose antidepressants that do not affect seizure thresholds or have any side effects of CNS depression. Speech impediment related to stress/anxiety or other psychiatric illness may be disqualifying.

Particular attention should be paid to any past or present evidence of alcohol or drug abuse, and may be an indication for referral to specialist. Any current alcohol or drug abuse is disqualifying. Anabolic steroids or any other illicit substances are disqualifying. Any abnormalities should be noted in the physical examination form.

2.4.5 MEDICATION

The following medications are disqualifying:

- 1. Amphetamines (including lisdexamfetamine dimesylate) and designer drugs (substituted methylenediosyphenethylamines including MDMA, MMDA, FLEA, EDMA, EFLEA, MDOH, EBDB, MDEA, 5-methyl-MDA and others)
- 2. Marijuana and synthetic forms of marijuana
- 3. Phencylidine (PCP)
- 4. Cocaine
- 5. Opioids, naturally occurring and synthetics including tramadol and buprenorphine
- 6. Phosphodiesterase inhibitors such as erectile dysfunction medications within 48 hours of diving
- 7. Immunosuppressants not recommended in saturation diving
- 8. Antidepressants which cause CNS depression or may affect seizure threshold (eg. Venlafaxine, bupropion)
- 9. All antipsychotic medications
- 10. Muscle relaxants
- 11. All forms of insulin
- 12. Oral hypoglycemic medication
- 13. Anticoagulants or platelet inhibitors (except low-dose aspirin)
- 14. Benzodiazepines
- 15. Barbiturates
- 16. Anxiolytic and/or hypnotic medications
- 17. Nictotine patches must be removed while diving
- 18. Varenicline
- 19. Beta blockers
- 20. Diuretics

2.4.6 DISCLAIMER

Because of the lack of medical literature concerning commercial diving, these guidelines were developed as a consensus among diving physicians and are intended for only that purpose. The diving medical examiner may use discretion in deviating from these guidelines on an individual basis given the circumstances.



2.4.7 BMI TABLES

BMI Table										
TT 1 14	BMI									
Height (inches)	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
(Inches)					Body Weig	ht (pounds)				
58	91	96	100	105	110	115	119	124	129	134
59	94	99	104	109	114	119	124	128	133	138
60	97	102	107	112	118	123	128	133	138	143
61	100	106	111	116	122	127	132	137	143	148
62	104	109	115	120	126	131	136	142	147	153
63	107	113	118	124	130	135	141	146	152	158
64	110	116	122	128	134	140	145	151	157	163
65	114	120	126	132	138	144	150	156	162	168
66	118	124	130	136	142	148	155	161	167	173
67	121	127	134	140	146	153	159	166	172	178
68	125	131	138	144	151	158	164	171	177	184
69	128	135	142	149	155	162	169	176	182	189
70	132	139	146	153	160	167	174	181	188	195
71	136	143	150	157	165	172	179	186	193	200
72	140	147	154	162	169	177	184	191	199	206
73	144	151	159	166	174	182	189	197	204	212
74	148	155	163	171	179	186	194	202	210	218
75	152	160	168	176	184	192	200	208	216	224
76	156	164	172	180	189	197	205	213	221	230

	BMI Table										
Height	BMI										
(Centimeters)	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	
		Body Weight (kilograms)									
147.3	41.3	43.5	45.4	47.6	49.9	52.2	54.0	56.2	58.5	60.8	
149.9	42.6	44.9	47.2	49.4	51.7	54.0	56.2	58.1	60.3	62.6	
152.4	44.0	46.3	48.5	50.8	53.5	55.8	58.1	60.3	62.6	64.9	
154.9	45.4	48.1	50.3	52.6	55.3	57.6	59.9	62.1	64.9	67.1	
157.5	47.2	49.4	52.2	54.4	57.2	59.4	61.7	64.4	66.7	69.4	
160.0	48.5	51.3	53.5	56.2	59.0	61.2	64.0	66.2	68.9	71.7	
162.6	49.9	52.6	55.3	58.1	60.8	63.5	65.8	68.5	71.2	73.9	
165.1	51.7	54.4	57.2	59.9	62.6	65.3	68.0	70.8	73.5	76.2	
167.6	53.5	56.2	59.0	61.7	64.4	67.1	70.3	73.0	75.7	78.5	
170.2	54.9	57.6	60.8	63.5	66.2	69.4	72.1	75.3	78.0	80.7	
172.7	56.7	59.4	62.6	65.3	68.5	71.7	74.4	77.6	80.3	83.5	
175.3	58.1	61.2	64.4	67.6	70.3	73.5	76.7	79.8	82.6	85.7	
177.8	59.9	63.0	66.2	69.4	72.6	75.7	78.9	82.1	85.3	88.5	
180.3	61.7	64.9	68.0	71.2	74.8	78.0	81.2	84.4	87.5	90.7	
182.9	63.5	66.7	69.9	73.5	76.7	80.3	83.5	86.6	90.3	93.4	
185.4	65.3	68.5	72.1	75.3	78.9	82.6	85.7	89.4	92.5	96.2	
188.0	67.1	70.3	73.9	77.6	81.2	84.4	88.0	91.6	95.3	98.9	
190.5	68.9	72.6	76.2	79.8	83.5	87.1	90.7	94.3	98.0	101.6	
193.0	70.8	74.4	78.0	81.6	85.7	89.4	93.0	96.6	100.2	104.3	



2.4.8 BODY FAT TABLE AND BODY FAT PERCENTAGES COMPARISON TABLE

Body Fat Percentages Comparison Table			
Fat Level Men (%) Women (%)			
Very Low	7-10	14-17	
Low	10-13	17-20	
Average	13-17	20-27	
High	17-25	27-31	
Very High	above 25	above 31	

2.4.9 MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE WEIGHT CHART

Maximum Allowable Weight Chart			
Males Weight in Pounds	Height (inches)	Females Weight in Pounds	
170	60	170	
176	61	174	
182	62	179	
188	63	182	
194	64	187	
200	65	192	
206	66	196	
212	67	200	
218	68	204	
225	69	209	
230	70	212	
235	71	217	
241	72	222	
247	73	225	
253	74	230	
259	75	234	
265	76	239	
271	77	243	
277	78	248	
283	79	252	
289	80	255	



2.4.10 RETURN TO DUTY AFTER DIVING RELATED INCIDENTS

ADCI Recommendations on Return to Diving			
Diving Related Incident	Time to return to diving		
Simple pain only with complete resolution after single treatment table	24 to 72 hours		
Pain only needing more than one treatment table for complete resolution	7 days		
Altered sensation in limbs resolvable by one treatment table	7 days		
Motor or other neurological deficit resolvable by one treatment table	28 days		
Neurological injury needing several treatment tables to resolve	4 to 6 months		
Pulmonary barotrauma resolved	3 months		
Pneumothorax resolved (other than spontaneous)	3 months		
Vestibular decompression sickness with formal vestibular testing	4 to 6 months		
Round window rupture	6 months after repair		
Central nervous system oxygen toxicity seizure (after complete evaluation)	7 days		
Perforated tympanic membrane	6 weeks after healed		
Non-Perforated ENT barotrauma	Determined by examiner		

All cases except simple pain only decompression sickness resolved by a single treatment table must be cleared by medical examination from a qualified diving medical examiner before return to diving.

Persistent neurological deficits following diving related incidents are generally disqualifying.

2.4.11 FRAMINGHAM CARDIAC RISK CALCULATOR

The ADC recognizes that cardiac events are second only to drowning as a cause of death while diving. Rather than using an age based criteria for further cardiac screening, the Physicians Diving Advisory Committee is now recommending a risk based approach using the Framingham data. The cardiac risk calculators for men and women are provided below. If the cardiac risk is calculated to be 10% or greater then further testing such as an exercise stress test is recommended.

Cardiac Risk Calculator - MEN

Total Cholesterol	Age 20-39	Age 40-49	Age 50-59	Age 60-69	Age 70-79
<160	0	0	0	0	0
160-199	4	3	2	1	0
200-239	7	5	3	1	0
240-279	9	6	4	2	1
280+	11	8	5	3	1



Age	Points
20-34	-9
35-39	-4
40-44	0
45-49	3
50-54	6
55-59	8
60-64	10
65-69	11
70-74	12
75-79	13

HDL	Points
60+	-1
50-59	0
40-49	1
<40	2

Systolic BP	If Untreated	If Treated
<120	0	0
120-129	0	1
130-139	1	2
140-159	1	2
160+	2	3

Age	Smoker	Non-smoker
20-39	8	0
40-49	5	0
50-59	3	0
60-69	1	0
70-79	1	0

Enter No o	Enter No of Points	
Age		
Total Chol		
HDL Chol		
Sys B/P		
Smoking		
Total		

Determine Risk
From Chart

Point Total	10-Year Risk
<0	<1%
0	1%
1	1%
2	1%
3	1%
4	1%
5	2%
6	2%
7	3%
8	4%
9	5%
10	6%
11	8%
12	10%
13	12%
14	16%
15	20%
16	25%
17 or more	≥30%

Determine Risk From Chart



Cardiac Risk Calculator - WOMEN

Total Cholesterol	Age 20-39	Age 40-49	Age 50-59	Age 60-69	Age 70-79
<160	0	0	0	0	0
160-199	4	3	2	1	1
200-239	8	6	4	2	1
240-279	11	8	5	3	2
280+	13	10	7	4	2

Age	Points
20-34	-7
35-39	-3
40-44	0
45-49	3
50-54	6
55-59	8
60-64	10
65-69	12
70-74	14
75-79	16

HDL	Points
60+	-1
50-59	0
40-49	1
<40	2



Systolic BP	If Untreated	If Treated
<120	0	0
120-129	1	3
130-139	2	4
140-159	3	5
160+	4	6

Age	Smoker	Non-smoker
20-39	9	0
40-49	7	0
50-59	4	0
60-69	2	0
70-79	1	0

Enter No of Points	
Age	
Total Chol	
HDL Chol	
Sys B/P	
Smoking	
Total	

Point Total	10-Year Risk
<9	<1%
9	1%
10	1%
11	1%
12	1%
13	2%
14	2%
15	3%
16	4%
17	5%
18	6%
19	8%
20	11%
21	14%
22	17%
23	22%
24	27%
25 or more	≥30%

Determine Risk From Chart